In 1972, Chief Westphal started his service as a jailer and was promoted through the ranks until 2002, when he became Chief of Police for the Mesquite Police Department.

Chief Westphal pioneered several student, anti-drug campaigns such as "Slama Bama Jama," "What If," and the "Cheese Anti-drug Initiative." Esteemed by his community and peers, Chief Westphal was named "Hometown Hero" by Town East Mall and "Top Cop" 2006 by the Texas Police Chiefs Association.

In addition to faithfully serving his community, Chief Westphal is a husband to Susan, a father of three children, and a grandfather.

Madam Speaker, on behalf of the Fifth District of Texas, I am honored to recognize Chief Gary Westphal for his courage in protecting and serving the citizens of Mesquite.

HONORING DR. IRA SARISON

HON. ROBERT WEXLER

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Tuesday, January 29, 2008

Mr. WEXLER. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor the life of Dr. Ira Sarison, a constituent and friend of mine from Boynton Beach, who passed away unexpectedly on January 11, 2008 while traveling in Argentina.

Dr. Sarison was a native of the Bronx, New York, and had a distinguished career as an educator, last serving as Assistant Superintendent of Schools in Oceanside, New York Following his retirement in 1988, he relocated to Florida where he established a successful elder care management practice in my congressional district. He also served as the founding past president of the Democratic Club of Greater Boynton Beach. Dr. Sarison will best be remembered for his life-long passion for and commitment to education and for his tireless work helping those who needed it most in his community.

Ira Sarison is survived by his wife, Rivalee, his children Lynn and Robert, his sister and grandchildren, his extended family, and a large circle of friends, of which I am honored to be a part.

Everyone who knew Ira Sarison loved him dearly, and he will be deeply missed.

HONORING THE STATE OF MICHIGAN SCHOOL BOARD MEMBERS

HON. THADDEUS G. McCOTTER

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 29, 2008

Mr. McCOTTER. Madam Speaker, today I rise to honor and acknowledge the State of Michigan school board members in observance of School Board Recognition Month for their service and unwavering commitment to our children and our schools.

The Michigan Association of School Boards was founded in 1949 to provide a united voice for the thousands of men and women who champion the cause of public education as board members. Michigan's 4,100 school board members contribute hundreds of hours each year leading their districts by adopting policies, hiring superior personnel and administrators, and listening to staff, parent and stu-

dent concerns. Through their tireless motivation and many contributions, school board members have distinguished themselves as compassionate individuals who are deeply committed to educating our children. These members have sought to ensure every child is given the opportunity to learn and succeed. Also, their many contributions serve as a fine example to inspire others.

The Michigan Association of School Boards launched the National School Board Recognition program in Michigan in 1989, in which only five states chose to celebrate this special month. Subsequently, the National School Board Association's Delegate Assembly resolved to initiate National School Board Recognition Month in 1995. Other States followed suit by annually recognizing their local school board members' service and commitment to their children and schools. January 2008 marks the annual observance of this year's School Board Recognition Month. This year's theme is "School Boards Lead Strong." This theme reflects school board members' combined commitment to leadership and accountability in ensuring all children succeed.

Madam Speaker, for 59 years, Michigan state school board members have exemplified civic duty by making decisions which fundamentally enrich the quality of education for over 1.7 million Michigan students. Today, I ask my colleagues to join me in congratulating these school board members upon observance of School Board Recognition Month; and recognizing their years of loyal commitment to education which has, undoubtedly, helped to create exceptional scholars and citizens.

HONORING DR. DAVID DENNIS DUNN

HON. PHIL ENGLISH

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Tuesday, January 29, 2008

Mr. ENGLISH of Pennsylvania. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize and honor Dr. David Dennis Dunn for his dedication to his country, exemplary service during World War II and contributions to the medical field and the Erie, Pennsylvania community. This honorable citizen will soon celebrate his 95th birthday on February 6, 2008.

WW II is filled with stories of heroism, selflessness, patriotism and a relentless desire to secure a future for the United States of America and the international community. Brave men left their ordinary lives in order to serve a cause greater than themselves. Dr. Dunn was among those great men to make that sacrifice

Contributing his medical skills to that noble cause, Dr. Dunn served more than four years in the U.S. Army Medical Corps, including overseas duty in Iceland, England, Ireland, France, Germany, Luxembourg and Austria. He attained the rank of Captain serving in the 5th Medical Battalion, 5th Infantry Division and later served in the 30th Field Hospital. Dr. Dunn was awarded five Battlestars and the Bronze Star among a variety of other medals of commendations for his service.

Dr. Dunn pursued a 50 year career in General Surgery, starting as an instructor at the University of Pennsylvania Medical School, completing a residency in surgery at the

Lankenau Hospital in Philadelphia and practicing general surgery at Hamot Hospital in Erie. He reached the pinnacle of his remarkable medical career when he was ultimately appointed Chief of Surgery at Hamot and later became a traveling guest lecturer at the highly esteemed Harvard University.

Not only has Dr. Dunn contributed to society professionally, but he also has had a great impact through his volunteer efforts in the Erie community of Pennsylvania's 3rd district. He is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution and has served on the boards of multiple community organizations, notably as Founder and Board member of Hospice of Metropolitan Erie. He also was actively involved in Meals for Wheels, the Erie Community Foundation and the Erie Cemetery Association.

I am often reminded that America has been blessed with great people and leaders; Americans who rose to the challenge when their country was in need. I take great pride in representing a district with such honorable men in history.

I hope my colleagues will join me in honoring Dr. Dunn for his admirable service to our country. His lifetime of achievements in the medical field and the community is certainly deserving of recognition, celebration and a great deal of gratitude.

INTRODUCTION OF THE DEPART-MENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY COMPONENT PRIVACY OFFICER ACT OF 2008

HON. CHRISTOPHER P. CARNEY

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 29, 2008

Mr. CARNEY. Madam Speaker, I rise today to introduce the Department of Homeland Security Component Privacy Officer Act of 2008.

In the Homeland Security Act of 2002 Congress created within the Department of Homeland Security a Chief Privacy Officer.

The Privacy Officer is responsible for ensuring that an individual's privacy rights are not infringed upon by the creation of Department of Homeland Security policies and programs.

The DHS Chief Privacy Officer is unique within the structure of the Federal government insofar as it is a statutory position that is intended to be involved at all levels of the Department's activities—from policy formation to its implementation.

However, time has shown that the Chief Privacy Officer needs help in achieving this goal.

This bill will create Privacy Officers that will report directly to the Chief Privacy Officer in the following DHS Components: TSA, the Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services, CBP, ICE, FEMA, the Coast Guard, the Science and Technology Directorate, the Intelligence and Analysis Directorate, and the National Protections and Programs Directorate.

The level of public confidence and trust in the Department's handling of privacy matters remains abysmally low.

Moreover, there is also a major concern regarding the Privacy Office's involvement at the outset of the policymaking process, as intended by Congress.

This was made clear in testimony before the Committee on Homeland Security when it was revealed that the Privacy Officer was not brought into the development of a new National Applications Office, NAO, that would monitor the use of spy satellites for homeland security purposes, until almost 2 years after the development stage began.

Bringing in the Privacy Office at the 11th hour is not the proper way to blend in privacy protections and appropriate safeguards before policies and programs are underway.

Placing Privacy Officers in the component agencies that make up the Department of Homeland Security is the first step to ensuring that privacy protections are in place at the beginning of the process.

The Component agencies are the pulse of the Homeland Security Department. Most homeland security efforts stem from Component Agency actions.

Privacy Officers need to be where the action is happening, not waiting for a phone call after decisions have already been made.

Under the current structure, the Privacy Office has to rely on Component Agencies for information concerning programs and policies that impact privacy rights. Sometimes this happens; sometimes it does not.

When it does not happen, the risk is clear:

Recently, the Department's Inspector General determined that the Science & Technology Directorate's ADVISE program should be cancelled due to privacy concerns.

This determination was made after the Department spent \$42 million on the program.

It was also determined that the Chief Privacy Office was not brought into the process until almost 2 years after the system had been deployed.

This bill would put a Privacy Officer in the Science & Technology Directorate.

Moreover, the Automated Targeting System, which is a Customs & Border Protection program, has been heavily criticized by privacy advocates, and after two separate requests for public comments, the future of this program remains unclear. Again, this was a program that had operated for some time in the dark without proper safeguards and departmental oversight.

Pursuant to this bill, CBP would get a Privacy Officer as well.

Quite frankly, there has been a litany of DHS programs that have been cancelled, delayed, or discontinued due to privacy concerns. Almost all of these were the products of Department Component Agencies that do not have a Privacy Officer within their ranks.

Additionally, the DHS Privacy Officer is responsible for conducting Privacy Impact Assessments on DHS programs and policies affecting privacy.

There are currently over 150 Privacy Impact Assessments that need to be completed. To put this number in perspective, in all of 2006, the Privacy Office only published 25.

This bill will help in decreasing that overload.

I urge my colleagues to join me in supporting this legislation that is critical to not only the privacy rights but the security of our country as well. INTRODUCTION OF THE ROBIN DANIELSON ACT

HON. CAROLYN B. MALONEY

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Tuesday, January 29, 2008

Mrs. MALONEY of New York. Madam Speaker, Robin Danielson's two daughters will never forget the tragic day in Speaker, 1998 when their mother died at the age of 44. Nor will they forget the preventable illness that killed her.

Like thousands of others, Robin Danielson was the victim of Toxic Shock Syndrome, TSS, a rare but potentially life-threatening illness that is often linked to high-absorbency tampon use. Robin's death could have been prevented if only she had recognized the symptoms. Yet, even today, many women are not fully aware of the risks of tampon use or TSS.

According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, one to two of every 100,000 women between the ages of 15–44 years old will be diagnosed with TSS each year. Yet, the last national surveillance was conducted in 1987 and in only four States. Moreover, although TSS is a nationally notifiable disease that States report to CDC, reporting by the States is voluntary. Dismissed as "sporadic," the CDC has not even released this information to the public since 2003. Clearly, we do not have enough transparent or timely information to evaluate the reality of TSS today.

The presence of dioxin—a probable cancercausing agent—in tampons is also a major concern to women's health. Tampons currently sold in the United States are composed of rayon, cotton, or a combination of both. Alarmingly, rayon is produced from bleached wood pulp, and dioxin is a byproduct of chlorine bleaching of pulp. Although chlorine-free bleaching processes are available, most wood pulp manufacturers use elemental chlorinefree bleaching processes. These processes use chlorine dioxide as a bleaching agent and thus still produce dioxin. According to the Environmental Protection Agency, even 100 percent cotton tampons and completely chlorinefree tampons have trace amounts of dioxin due to decades of pollution that have led to the infiltration of dioxin in the air, water, and ground and thus can be found in both cotton and wood pulp.

The effects of dioxin are cumulative. Women may be exposed to dioxin in tampons and other menstrual products for as long as 60 years over the course of their reproductive lives. Although the FDA requires tampon manufacturers to monitor dioxin levels in their finished products, this information is not readily available to the public.

I am proud to reintroduce the Robin Danielson Act, which would amend the Public Health Service Act to establish a uniform program for the collection and analysis of data on Toxic Shock Syndrome. The bill also directs the National Institutes of Health, NIH, to conduct research to determine the extent to which the presence of dioxin, synthetic fibers, and other additives in tampons and related products pose any health risks to women and asks the Centers for Disease Control, CDC to collect and report information on TSS.

IN HONOR OF FIREFIGHTERS PHIL-IP C. ADDISON, PROSPER W. BUCHHART, AND CHARLES W. STEWART OF THE KNICKER-BOCKER HOOK & LADDER

HON. SCOTT GARRETT

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 29, 2008

Mr. GARRETT of New Jersey. Madam Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to three men who have together given nearly 160 years of service as firefighters in North Jersey. This weekend the Knickerbocker Hook & Ladder Company in Closter, New Jersey will honor these men at their golden anniversary of service. Knickerbocker Hook & Ladder has served the people of Closter since 1893. And, these men have been a part of nearly half of that century of service.

Philip Addison first joined the Closter Fire Department in March 1957. He served as Chief in 1970 and as President in 1972.

Prosper Buchhart joined the Closter Fire Department shortly after Philip, in December 1957, and has also served as Chief and President.

Charles Stewart started with Dumont Fire Company #2 in April 1949 and transferred to the Closter Fire Department 12 years later.

Knickerbocker Hook & Ladder was honored in 2001 by the Volunteer Center of Bergen County for the work of its volunteers to keep the people and businesses of Closter safe and secure. These 45 volunteers spend countless hours on call at work, in their homes, or at the firehouse, responding to about 275 calls a year. They also participate in constant training to ensure their skills are always sharp. In addition to giving selflessly of themselves to respond to fires, accidents, and other emergencies, these firefighters also provide fire prevention education to school children and have sponsored an Explorer Boy Scout Troop.

Philip Addison, Prosper Buchhart, and Charles Stewart exemplify the service and spirit that has long sustained this volunteer fire department and will sustain in for years to come. Their dedication to the public good is commendable and I join the people of Closter in honoring them as they reach this milestone in service.

CONDOLENCES TO INTERSTATE 4
ACCIDENT VICTIMS

HON. ADAM H. PUTNAM

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 29, 2008

Mr. PUTNAM. Madam Speaker, I rise today to express my condolences to the victims of the deadly 70-car pile up on Interstate 4 in Polk County, Florida earlier this month. I would also like to express appreciation for the work of many local and state agencies that responded to the accident and provided assistance.

I specifically would like to commend Polk County Sheriff Deputy Carlton Turner III who was the first deputy on the scene in the early morning hours of January 9th, and who used his vehicle as a barrier and later a place of refuge for victims. I would also like to commend Deputy Paul Buoniconti, who was also